

TRASH WORLD NEWS

THE UNDERGROUND
COMPUTER MAGAZINE

ISSUE #2 NOVEMBER 1997

The GAMES Issue

Includes a pair of 3D glasses!

Hacker Battle Domination
TEC Redshift Homebrew
WonderDisc Region-Lock
King's Ransom Online
_And More





Editor-In-Chief

Ghast

Contributing Editors

Sea Scout

Selenium Wolf

Shout-Outs

EXAPUNKS channel

Graphic Design

JHAKRI

Writers

Erebus9

KRO Fan

RippaGaijin

The Deacon

Deadlock

Xenodroid

Loveless



"Don't mess with EXAs."

– Anonymous

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3D CONVERGENCE DISPLAY TECHNOLOGY

START

2D 3D



TWN

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BUILDING MOMENTUM

Welcome to the second issue of TRASH WORLD NEWS. Let's take a look at how things have been going so far. Even though it's only our second issue, the response has been far bigger than I expected. Our little 'zine got picked up by dozens of stores and newsstands and I've been mailing out a bunch of international copies too. Seems like there's a real thirst for this information out there. It's a good start but let's keep it up.

If you want to help us out, ask your local library why they don't get TRASH WORLD NEWS. Give copies to your friends, or even your enemies. And keep those letters and comments coming in. Hearing from readers who've been helped by the articles we run makes all the rest of the effort worthwhile. We can't reply to all of them but I promise we're reading every single one.

Seems like there's a real thirst for
this information out there. It's a good
start but let's keep it up...

In this issue we have some incredible scoops. Everything from details on the hacker battle phenomenon that you won't find anywhere else, to behind-the-scenes information about hacking the latest video games and consoles, to some skills that every EXA programmer ought to know.

This is some great stuff, people.

finding a hard lump inside. I turned it over and dumped its contents onto the counter: a sterling silver chain with a miraculous medal attached.

'Sharon was not religious,' I said.

'It's not Sharon's.'

'Rosaline's?'

Ben nodded.

The name flourished in my mind like a field of wildflowers. I took the necklace in my right hand and thumbed the pendant on the end. Mary, embossed on the metal, stood with her arms open. A blaze of light behind her. I folded my hand around the necklace.

Ben stayed by my side for several moments longer. I could sense his hesitation, his discomfort. Did he want to hug me? Maybe he did. But he didn't. He squeezed my shoulder, instead, and said, 'Rosaline was a lab assistant, for a time. One of the few people Sharon was close to.'

Rosaline wasn't a mermaid swimming in the sea, her long shining hair flowing behind her. Rosaline wasn't a goddess, blazing in the light of the fires of the sun. She was another scientist, Sharon's friend.

'What was she like?'

Ben leaned back, flicked his eyes to the ceiling, thinking. 'Smart. Really, really clever. Charming. She convinced me to grow a beard.' He paused. 'We dated for a while. Nothing serious though. Just coffee,

sometimes a movie.'

'She spent a lot of time with Sharon, working. And also, creating you.'

Her name still glistened in my mind, the pendant burned in my palm.

'You don't have to worry about any of this. There's plenty to help you set yourself up and start again, somewhere else. San Diego, Vancouver, Tokyo... Vienna is quite lovely too.'

Oh, how I wanted to before the bagels. Before Ben's admissions. How I wanted to, for all of my life, throw off Sharon's looming presence, her stark emotionless stare. To take her plans for me, for her legacy, and shred them. To take all those photographs, those pictures of her, of me, and see them disappear in a burst of flame. I'm not you, I had cried and screamed.

'I'm not sure what I want to do.'

Ben quirked an eyebrow. He sat down across from me.

'I thought you'd be relieved. You can go, it's okay. I will miss you, of course. But you need to stake out your own life—'

'I can start here.'

He quieted.

A breeze blew outside, rattling the windows.

'I can start here.'

Ben nodded and placed his hand on mine.

'Whatever you need, Sharon.' **TWN**

had once braided my hair, where Priya had taught me the Pythagorean theorem, where Sharon had glared at me icily from across the kitchen. Ben let himself in with an old key. He set a brown paper bag on the counter.

'Bagels,' he said.

Without a word, I stood and dug through a drawer in the kitchen for a knife.

'Toasted?'

Ben nodded. He opened the crinkling bag, took out two bagels, and set them on the counter. One was sesame seed, the other French toast. When I set my eyes on the bagels, my cheeks and lips flexed, I was alarmed. Then I realized I was smiling for the first time in weeks.

We prepared our breakfast in silence. Ben took charge of the espresso machine and produced two cups of coffee from the gleaming metal contraption. I never did understand that machine, let alone the appeal of coffee. Naturally, Sharon loved it.

Ben brought me a delicate and tiny white cup of the stuff. His beard seemed as white as the foam topping the cappuccino.

'I thought you were going to pack her things up,' Ben said.

'Didn't seem right for me to do it.'

'You're her daughter.'

Ben drew a hand through his hair. The lines about his eyes grew deeper, like the trenches of the ocean's depths, under

the gray light from the window. 'It's hard, sometimes, to look at you.'

'I know, but I can't help it.'

'I told her she was being foolish, with the whole thing. Continuing all of this...' Ben laughed a little bit, but it was strained.

'Continuing what?'

The rain picked up, spattering against the windows with renewed force. I set my bagel, half eaten, back on the plate and pushed it away.

'You're not the first,' Ben said.

I looked at him. His eyes were clear and gray, his lips pressed in a thin line. His green windbreaker wilted on his body.

'Sharon was... I don't know. Maybe number three?'

'I don't understand. Number three?'

'She was a clone.'

'Wait, I am the fourth? I don't understand.'

'You understand perfectly.'

He took a messy, big bite out of his bagel. A blob of cream cheese lodged itself in his beard.

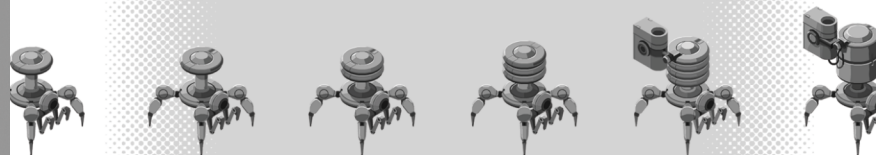
'I brought you something else,' he said. He reached into the pocket of his jacket and pulled out a small yellow envelope. He placed it on the granite counter.

'It's from your mother.'

The envelope was soft and worn in my hands. Its yellow flap had been stained with dirt and fingerprints and the adhesive was entirely gone. I pressed the envelope,

But now it's time to look forward.

I have a feeling there may be even bigger revelations on the horizon. Technology keeps developing faster and faster. It's hard to keep track of everything. There's a generalized sense of acceleration everywhere. Doesn't it feel like we're on the cusp of something? Some kind of big change? Society as it's currently designed feels like it might not be sustainable into the future, but it's anyone's guess what the next form will be.



How do you deal with a world like that? I'm not one to tell others how to live their lives, but I can express a hope. I hope that you stay curious, and stay engaged. I hope you think about what's happening and your place in all of this.

My goal is to get people to share the information they find so we know what this new world is as it takes shape.

What's your goal?

Ghast out.

hacker battle DOMINATI

There's a new craze sweeping through the computer underground, a kind of head-to-head hacker sport that's so cutting-edge it doesn't have a proper name yet. I've heard a few being bandied around like "CyberSport," which sounds silly, "electronic warfare," which is a term the military is already using for its own purposes, and "hacker battles," which is apparently sticking despite not being a very catchy term at all.

Whatever you want to call it, here's how it works:

Two players connect to a neutral battleground network. Each of them uploads their preprogrammed EXAs at the same time, which run their code and battle each other for the highest score. Each network features its own unique scoring system. The goal might be to terminate the other player's EXAs, or control certain hosts, or to retrieve a file in a "capture the flag" style tournament. A winner is crowned and achieves the right to brag about it forever more... well, at least until they're beaten by someone else.



deck, and then the boat slip from the dock. Sharon learned how to maneuver it out of its dock and the marina thanks to Ben.

Ben's eulogy was sweet and poignant. His eyes watered. He recused himself mid-sentence, glanced away. If I had been a stranger attending, I would've wept. But

was appointed by the board as the interim CEO. Ben told me I was free.

Free.

At first the word blew through my mind with the force of a storm, shredding the broken webs and bindings. I smiled, I laughed. I tore her photo from the wall. I

PART 2

instead, I felt the burning shame of my own words. So meaningless. And untruthful. Ben stroked his hand in his speckled beard when he finished. He turned to her picture, emblazoned on the massive screen behind him.

A cold knife pressed through my heart; it was a mirror, that was me. A gasp escaped my mouth, my eyes and chest burned, as though my insides had turned to fire. A hand, Priya's, stroked my hair. 'Ssh, it's okay.' I fell against her and heaved a dry sob.

My mother's cloning experiment was a failure in its ultimate purpose: to create a replacement for her. After the service, I fled to the condominium and stayed there. Ben came, sometimes. He had been declared the executor of her estate. He took over her work, the company, and

took all of her things and packed them into cardboard boxes. I was free.

But then, looking at the bare floors and walls, feeling the cold morning air seep through the place, I knew it was not mine. It was hers. I had desecrated Sharon's home.

So, I took everything out of the boxes, all of her clothes, her paintings, her notebooks and her gadgets, and lined them up on the tables and counters, hung them back in the closets, set them by her bed. I fluffed her pillows, changed her sheets, and tucked the corners of the comforter under the mattress. I put everything back, because it was not mine and it was not my place.

Ben came one morning. The sky bloated with fog and heavy clouds and the windows were slick with streams of rain. I sat at the breakfast bar where Maria

NEXT PAGE >>>

Sharon put me in a small office across the hall from hers. Ben remained steadfast in his attention toward me. Much to my chagrin, I never knew anything about my mother's corporate life. She had a separate family. Ben was not simply a tutor; he had a PhD

edges. Little had to be done to the austere environment. Its white walls and slate tiled floors did well to capture the solemnity. A bouquet of white lilies rested on the podium.

When I spoke, the words caught in my throat, like I was trying to swallow gravel.

PASSING RESEMBLANCE

in Bioinformatics and had worked with my mother in Siberia. And I had never known.

Ben had a neatly trimmed, but graying beard. It resembled a speckled bird's egg in texture and coloration. He was a bumbling man, sometimes, and I worked with him often. Without Priya, he relaxed. She had returned to managing one of the labs and looked like the ideal scientist in her lab coat and sensible closed-toe shoes.

Sometimes, in the summer, Ben finished his work early and watched baseball games on an old television. I never liked baseball, but I would watch with him anyway. I liked Ben, and that was good enough.

The memorial service was held in the conference hall at the Powell Institute's office, a ten story building that appeared to be made of a few curving, infinite panes of glass and two slivers of steel on its southern

The room was awash with exhaustion, silence. A few beleaguered claps of applause followed. Sharon had lit a fire for these people, but, without its burn, they were just burnt out. I didn't know Sharon as they did.

Ben clapped the longest, and he placed his hand on my shoulder when I sat. Gave it a squeeze. Then he went to the podium. The same podium where Sharon delivered staff meetings and morale-inducing speeches. Her fingerprints must've been etched into the surface after all those years.

There weren't any ashes. Nothing to see. When her yacht hit the rocky shoreline off the coast of a town one hundred miles north of the harbor, no one was quite sure she was even on board. But the security guard at the marina had the video. There we saw her tall, thin silhouette hop onto the

BY LOVELESS

Hacker battle pro-tips:

Does that sound fun? Chances are hacker battles are already happening in your local scene. Ask around and before you know it you'll be matching wits with friends, enemies, and maybe even the best hackers around! To get you armed and ready to enter the hacker battle arena, here are some things I wished I knew before I went out and roundly got my butt kicked in my first few battles:

◆ There's a cycle limit.

Each battle has a limit on the number of cycles that will be executed. When you reach this limit the battle ends and the player with the most points wins. In a battle with multiple "test runs", the player who wins the majority of the test runs wins the overall match.

◆ There's a storage limit too.

Each battle has a limit on the number of host spaces that your EXAs (and dropped files) can take up in the network. Attempting to exceed this limit will cause an EXA to stall until more space is freed.

◆ One final tip:

The state of the network during a hacker battle can be difficult to ascertain. Files will be moved around by your opponent's EXAs when you least expect it! Develop for flexibility and maybe take another look at Ghost's article about error handling in issue 1 ["Runtime Errors and How to Exploit Them" - ed.] for more information about how to handle, or maybe even exploit, this uncertainty.

Alright, now it's time to test your mettle in the hacker battle arena! Write in and let us know how you do. And if you're ever in the Bay Area, drop by club Haxtasy where we hold regular head-to-head matches for a live audience with commentary from yours truly! **TWN**

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WHAT ARE YOU WAITING FOR?

Look, it's not up to us to tell you what to do with your life. But if we were you, we'd be hurrying to our nearest participating retailer to get our hands on a TEC® Redshift™, the hottest game-playing machine around.

It's got power. It's got 3D. And it's got games... games you want. All for a price even your parents can't refuse. Everyone knows what to do when opportunity knocks. And the TEC® Redshift™ at this price is one opportunity that won't come knocking again.

Batteries not included.

3D mode not intended for use more than 15 minutes at a time.

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BY SILENIUM WOLF

Whatever the reason, we all know the usual drill: Dump the noodles and the packet in water and heat it up. Easy. That's the point. Of course it provides nothing in the way of nutrition, so you'll probably be hungry again soon, but it does the trick for a while at least.

- ◆ One thing you can do is crack an egg into it as it's boiling. It's the classic way to accessorize instant ramen and nets you a little protein. Not bad!
- ◆ You can also sprinkle frozen vegetables in with the soup for a little fiber and some vitamins, though they won't necessarily be very tasty. Frozen veggies are easier to keep around than eggs though! Just remember that dropping a big brick of them into your soup will lower the temperature drastically.
- ◆ If you're in a super-hurry or if you pretty much hate yourself, you can always eat the ramen brick straight out of the package. Sprinkle some of the seasoning powder on it too if you like. The noodles are already cooked (you're really just warming them up and softening them when you prepare them) so they are technically edible even though they're hard and crackly and might scrape the roof of your mouth. But what do you care for this flesh-prison of yours anyway...
- ◆ Finally, here's something marginally fancy you can do with instant ramen. First, set the seasoning packet to the side. Make the noodles like usual, then drain off the water. Crack an egg over it (trust me on this one), mix it so it's even, sprinkle some Parmesan cheese and bacon bits over it, then stick it in the microwave for ten or fifteen seconds, just enough to make the egg set. This is a serviceable pasta carbonara that I may or may not have served to actual guests and passed off as real cooking.

Honestly, at that point cooking real pasta isn't that far off. If you find yourself doing things like this, grab a cookbook at your local library. You'll surprise yourself finding out just how much cooking is like programming! **TWN**



Let me recap
it briefly: Maybe
you wish you were
just a brain in a jar.
Unfortunately
you're not...

Welcome back to the Trash World Kitchen, where we take trash food and make it marginally better! If you read my last column you'll know why we're here, but for those of you just joining us with this issue, let me recap it briefly:

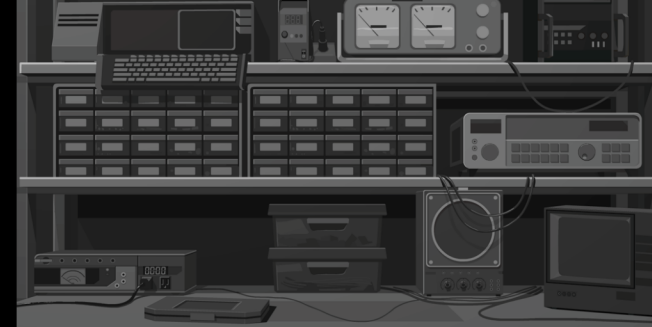
Maybe you wish you were just a brain in a jar. Unfortunately you're not. Food gets boring if you eat the same thing over and over again, but getting expensive and fancy with your food is silly. There's stuff you can do to terrible food that can make it a little better and slightly more exciting!

That's right, today we're talking about...

INSTANT RAMEN

This issue we're going to talk about the hacker food par excellence: instant ramen. Who hasn't had a brick of ramen at some point and enjoyed that salty, vaguely chemical broth? Come to think of it, why are noodles a thing anyway? Why does putting carbohydrates in strings make them so appealing?

HARDWARE HACKS



TEC REDSHIFT

You know the TEC Redshift as the cartridge-based gaming handheld with the gimmicky 3D mode... or as the expensive flop that led to TEC's exit from the games business. But the Redshift is more than that.

Today, five years after it first came out, it's a super hackable device that's easy to find in bargain bins and garage sales everywhere.

FUN FACT: Our very own editor-in-chief Ghastr was once gainfully employed as a programmer at a game studio where he battled the Redshift architecture and limitations on a daily basis. (That's probably why he didn't want to write this article himself.)



Luckily, making games for the Redshift is actually pretty fun once you get the hang of it. Let's take a little whirlwind tour of everything the Redshift has to offer the professional or hobbyist game developer.

NEXT PAGE ►►►

by Erebus9

FRAME SYNCHRONIZATION

The first important thing to grok about the Redshift is how to **WAIT**. This will likely be a familiar concept if you've done game dev before. The Redshift's VM includes a special **WAIT** instruction that isn't part of the core EXA programming standard. Executing a **WAIT** instruction causes that EXA to pause until the next frame synchronization, which happens 30 times a second (every 33 milliseconds). This makes it easy for a complex game to run at a fixed speed, regardless of how many instructions it takes to make your game do what it's supposed to do.

If you don't synchronize your EXAs with the Redshift it'll result in a game that's way too fast to actually play. Which, let's face it, could be funny...

DATA FILES

The Redshift's VM also includes support for another non-standard instruction: **DATA**. **DATA** instructions are not executed (and in fact look a lot like **NOTES**), but are used to specify an initial file that will be held by the EXA when the Redshift initializes. A **DATA** instruction can be followed by any number of numerical values separated by spaces. If you can't fit all your values on a single line, you can use additional **DATA** instructions to specify the rest.

GRAPHICS SYSTEM

The Redshift has a 120x100 black-and-white screen. In 3D mode, the white pixels can be separated into red and blue versions, which makes them appear to sit above or below the screen when viewed through the included 3D glasses. This was essentially the Redshift's big selling point, at a time when other handheld consoles were switching to color displays. Unfortunately the Redshift's 3D mode is infamously headache-inducing and you shouldn't use it for long. All of the advertising and manuals for the Redshift suggested taking a break every 15 minutes. I would say take a break every 5 minutes. Or don't use it at all...

REVISION

with MACRO instructions

Let's take a look at some examples:

Instead of writing this:

```
COPY F M
COPY F M
COPY F M
COPY F M
```

You could write this:

```
@REP 4
COPY F M
@END
```

Instead of writing this:

```
COPY 1 F
COPY 2 F
COPY 3 F
COPY 4 F
COPY 5 F
```

You could write this:

```
@REP 5
COPY @{1,1} F
@END
```

And instead of writing this:

```
TEST X = 0
TJMP CASE0
TEST X = 5
TJMP CASE1
TEST X = 10
TJMP CASE2
```

You could write this:

```
@REP 3
TEST X = @{0,5}
TJMP CASE@{0,1}
@END
```

Here's a full description of the syntax:

@REP N

Repeat the code between this and the subsequent **@END** pseudo-instruction N times. N has to be a constant number, not a register, since the duplication occurs before the program starts running. You also can't nest **@REP/@END** blocks.

@{N,M}

This substitutes a calculated numerical constant. On the first repetition, the value N will be used. On subsequent repetitions, the value will increase by M each time. N and M have to be constant numbers. **TWN**

Sometimes

stupid

code is

smarter

code...

CODE REPETITION

Say you're writing an EXA and need to do something more than once but always the same number of times. In some cases, you'll find that it's easier to copy and paste one or more instructions a few times instead of creating a loop.

Sometimes stupid code is smarter code.

Consider this code, which uses a loop to write the values 1-5 to a file:

```
COPY 1 X
MARK LOOP
COPY X F
ADDI X 1 X
TEST X = 6
FJMP LOOP
```

You could “unroll” your loop and rewrite it like this:

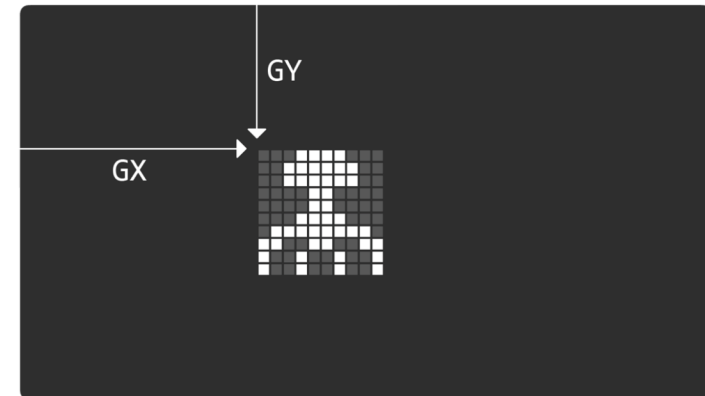
```
COPY 1 F
COPY 2 F
COPY 3 F
COPY 4 F
COPY 5 F
```

It looks unexciting, but writing it this way has certain advantages. For one, it doesn't use any registers. Perhaps more importantly, it's more than 4x faster than using the loop!

Although unrolling your loops can be more convenient and sometimes more efficient, copying and pasting code is error-prone and tedious— especially if you have to make small tweaks in the pasted versions. That's where the secret magic of **macro instructions** comes into play. Just introduced into recent versions of EXODUS, think of macro instructions as “code that writes code.” More technically, they're pseudo-instructions that generate repetitive code so you don't need to write everything out manually.

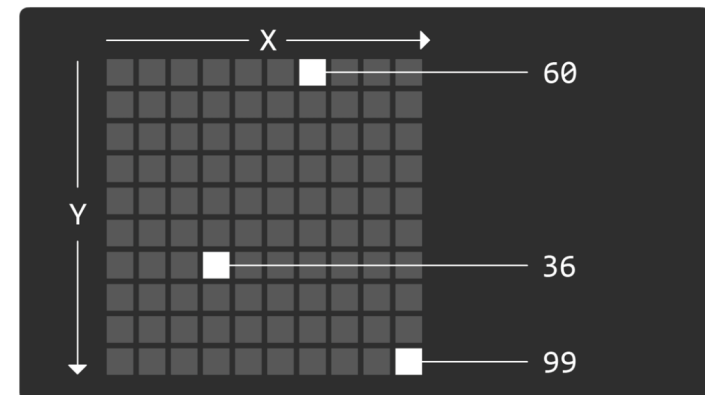
HACKERS
SKILLS

Each EXA has a 10x10 black-and-white **sprite** that can be edited when you're writing your code. The sprite can be positioned on the screen by writing numeric values to the GX and GY registers. GX offsets the sprite from the left side of the screen, while GY offsets the sprite from the top of the screen.



If you must play with the Redshift's 3D mode, the perceived depth of the sprite can be changed by writing a value to the GZ register (-9 for furthest “into” the screen, 9 for furthest “out of” the screen).

The sprite can be changed at runtime by writing a three-digit value to the GP register. The first digit indicates the operation (0 = off, 1 = on, 2 = toggle), while the second and third digits indicate the pixel to change (X and Y, from the top-left corner). So, 190 turns on the top-right pixel, while 209 toggles the bottom-left pixel, etc.



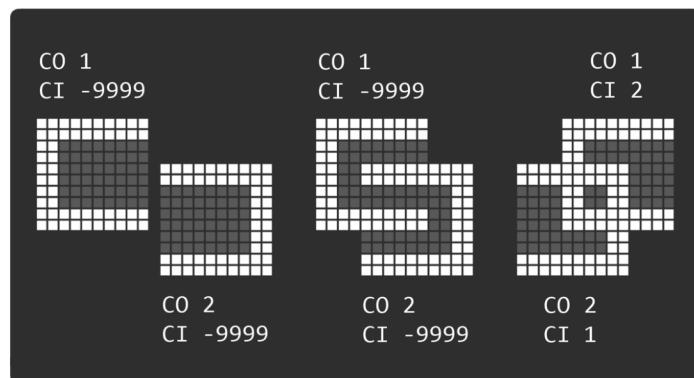
BUILT-IN FONT

But wait, there's also rudimentary support for text! Writing a value in the 300s to the GP register causes the entire sprite to be set to a character in the Redshift's built-in font based on the second and third digits. So, 324 would change the sprite to character 24, the letter X.

0 -	5 - E	10 - J	15 - O	20 - T	25 - Y	30 - 3	35 - 8
1 - A	6 - F	11 - K	16 - P	21 - U	26 - Z	31 - 4	36 - 9
2 - B	7 - G	12 - L	17 - Q	22 - V	27 - 0	32 - 5	37 - .
3 - C	8 - H	13 - M	18 - R	23 - W	28 - 1	33 - 6	38 - ?
4 - D	9 - I	14 - N	19 - S	24 - X	29 - 2	34 - 7	39 - !

COLLISION SYSTEM

Sprites can overlap each other, which is defined as each sprite having a white pixel at the same location on the screen. When this happens, each EXA's CI (collision input) register will be set to the value in the CO (collision output) register of the EXA it's colliding with. If multiple sprites are overlapping a sprite, the bigger CO value wins.



Collision behavior is the same in 3D mode as it is in 2D mode and ignores the value of the GZ register. If you want collision discrimination in the Z dimension you'll have to implement it yourself.



To recap, here's a breakdown of the process again with an example credit card number to validate:

Card number:	8487-8505-8852-5306
Raw digits:	8 4 8 7 8 5 0 5 8 8 5 2 5 3 0 6
Double the odds:	16 4 16 7 16 5 0 5 16 8 10 2 10 3 0 6
Subtract 9 if > 9:	7 4 7 7 7 5 0 5 7 8 1 2 1 3 0 6
Sum:	70
Last digit of sum:	0

Of course, just because you've generated a valid credit card number doesn't mean it's a real actual credit card number. Validation is just for checking to see if the number you have isn't made up or junk. The number still won't work once you try to use it, since the valid number will be used to try to access an account that doesn't exist. But that's a whole other part of the system, and something I may cover in a future article. **TWN**

If you've ever messed around with credit cards you know you can't just make up any number and have it be accepted. In this article I will present the method used by all major credit card issuing and processing companies to validate card numbers. Knowing this process will let you generate numbers that will pass the validation scheme.

As you've probably noticed, most credit card numbers are sixteen digits long. The first fifteen are the account number, while the final digit is a "check digit" to make sure that the account number was correctly swiped or entered.

To validate a number, start by summing all sixteen digits from left to right. For the even digits (2nd, 4th, 6th, 8th, 10th, 12th, 14th, 16th) add the digit as-is, but for the odd digits (1st, 3rd, 5th, 7th, 9th, 11th, 13th, 15th) you need to double the digit and subtract 9 if it's greater than 9 before adding it to the sum.

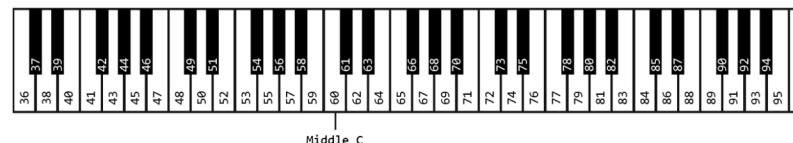
If the last digit of the sum is 0, which means the number is evenly divisible by 10, it's a valid credit card. Why is it designed this way? Beats me! If anyone knows more about the whys, feel free to write in...

AUDIO SYSTEM

The Redshift has four audio channels, each linked to a single register: two square waves (#SQR0 / #SQR1), one triangle wave (#TRI0), and one noise channel (#NSE0).

Writing a numeric value to a square or triangle wave channel will cause it to play that note continuously until stopped by writing a value of 0.

Writing a numeric value to the noise channel controls the pitch. Lower values result in lower-frequency noise, and a value of 0 turns it off completely.



INPUT SYSTEM

The #PADX register indicates the horizontal state of the D-pad (-1 = left, 0 = center, 1 = right). The #PADY register indicates the vertical state of the D-pad (-1 = up, 0 = center, 1 = down).

The #PADB register indicates the state of the X, Y, Z, and start buttons. If the X button is held, the ones digit will be a 1; otherwise it will be a 0. The Y button is similarly indicated by the tens digit, the Z button by the hundreds digit, and the start button by the thousands digit.

The #EN3D register indicates whether or not the Redshift is in 3D mode (1 = on, 0 = off).

CONCLUSION

That's about it for the major Redshift systems. Last thing is, whatever you make, don't forget to share it with your friends! TEC couldn't make a successful game console if their lives depended on it, but at least we get to enjoy the fallout from the disaster. **TWN**

DON'T LEAVE YOUR FANTASIES BEHIND.



King's Ransom Online is so realistic you never want to leave... and now you'll never have to. Introducing the **Game.Link Watch KRO Edition**. All the in-game information you could ever want just a quick glance away whether you're at work, school, or out on the town. Act now and get your first month free* with qualified purchase.

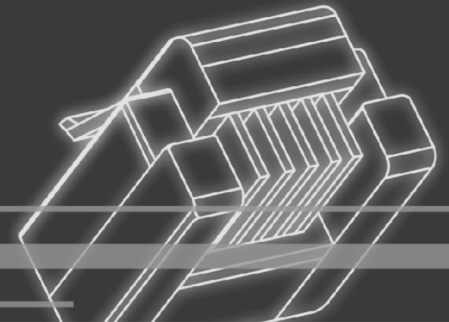
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NETWORK
EXPLORATION

Welcome

to the land

of King's

Ransom

Online, the

most popular

online game

in all the Six

Realms...

by KRO Fan

KING'S RANSOM ONLINE

Hail, fellow warrior! Welcome to the land of King's Ransom Online (KRO in the language of the bards), the most popular online game in all the Six Realms.

Forsooth, KRO employeth the latest in network programming technologies, the small but noble EXA. Every player that connecteth to this game is represented by an EXA and every weapon and building is represented by a file.

Each realm is hosted on a dedicated server, so as to handle the vast numbers of players that connect to KRO. Alas, many a great battle has passed where congestion meant players could not connect to the realm in contest...

BUILDINGS Each building in KRO posesseth the following format: name, type (either CASTLE, BUILDING, or UPGRADE), owner's player ID, and zero or more numbers that are the file IDs of sub-buildings of this building. Verily, sub-buildings can even have their own sub-buildings, such as the legendary Wizard's Tower.

WEAPONS Furthermore, each weapon in KRO posesseth the following format: name, damage, damage type, speed, weight, durability (999 = perfect, 0 = broken), and any special effects the weapon may have.

Beware, warrior! Such knowledge is dangerous! Let us not speak of this further, lest the furies of the Great Deep come for us... **TWN**



HARDWARE
HACKS



Sawayama Corporation was named after a castle in medieval Japan, and rumor has it Sawayama's current CEO is a direct descendant of the clan that held it. Today as everyone knows Sawayama is a purveyor of fine consumer electronics and video games like the WonderDisc... except that they've seen fit to lock its games behind region controls! What a bummer!

REGION LOCKING BASICS

So how does this work? WonderDiscs are region-locked by scattering region codes throughout the tracks on the discs. If the OS detects a region code that doesn't match its built-in region code it will refuse to play the game.

- SSEC = Japan, Asia
- SSEA = North America, South America
- SSEE = Europe

Unfortunately the WonderDisc OS is locked down inside the RealityProcessor, which is well-defended and inaccessible to outside EXAs. Much like a mountain fortress. But, also like a mountain fortress, there's other ways in, like hiding in empty saké barrels or crawling in through the drainage ditch (I watch a lot of ninja movies). In the WonderDisc's case, this flaw is the disc drive itself.

by RippaGaijin

Encrypting the payload

The next concern is encryption. Since anyone can point a satellite dish at a satellite and blast away, almost all systems reject any transmissions that aren't encrypted with a private encryption key. If you do get your hands on a key though, it's pretty simple to implement.

To encrypt a sequence of values, add the first value of the key to the first value of your data, wrapping back to 0 when the sum reaches 10000. So, if the data value was 7407 and the key value was 3894, the sum would be 11301, which would be transmitted instead as 1301.

To encrypt the second data value, use the second key value, and so on. If your message is longer than your key you'll run out of key values. In this case, go back to the beginning of your key sequence and repeat the key again. That's it! **TWN**

DATA	3588	2384	1878	7407	7288	1388	2901	8639	5270	4663
KEY	3280	3105	3775	3894	4782	5193	3280	3105	3775	3894
RESULT	6868	5489	5653	1301	2070	6581	6181	1744	9045	8557

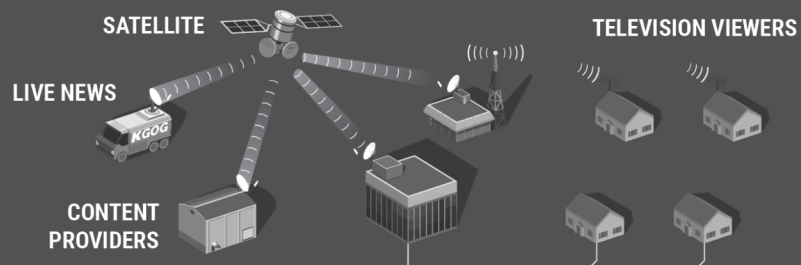
LOOK TO THE STARS WITH

SATELLITE UPLINK SYSTEMS

Communication satellites are amazing technology. They can relay long distance telephone calls and even send live broadcasts to TV stations around the world! Anyone with an interest in modern communications infrastructure should learn something about how satellites work, especially since they're only going to become more common over the next few decades.

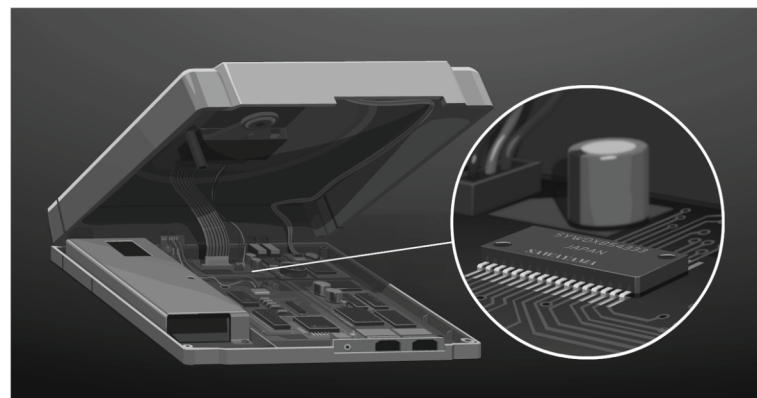
Establishing a connection

Though they might seem intimidating at first, satellites are really just expensive computers that happen to be in orbit around the Earth. Talking to them isn't hard. The first thing you need to know about is positioning the dish. Satellite dishes need to be aimed precisely (since they're trying to pinpoint something in space... obviously). The dish position is usually expressed as degrees of azimuth and elevation, and the dish itself is controlled with motors. It's not uncommon in EXA-controlled systems to see motors interfaced as a register that lets you read the current position (or angle, in this case) and a register that controls the motor movement (write 1 or -1 to move in either direction).



HACKING THE DISC CONTROLLER

It's possible to connect to a debug port on the disc drive and inject one or more EXAs into the disc controller. You can then read the #TRAK register to find out which track the WonderDisc needs you to read from the loaded disc, grab that file, and make a copy of it replacing the disc's region code with the region code of your WonderDisc device. When you drop the modified track copy into the "buffer" host, an EXA from the RealityProcessor should come out and carry the file back where your EXAs aren't allowed to go.



UNLOCKING THE DISC DRIVE

There's one small catch: the drive itself must be unlocked by the WonderDisc before you can read anything from it. When you're not modding your console this will happen automatically, but you'll need to provide that key yourself. Fortunately, yours truly extracted the key with a bottle of hydrofluoric acid and a high-power microscope, wasting five perfectly good WonderDisc drives in the process. **TWN**

Sawayama's not-so-secret key:

8, 0, 3, 2, 7, 1, 0, 4, 9, 5, 1, 2, 5, 2, 6

Dear Editor,

Loving the 'zine so far. I quickly learned how to program EXAs and was able to use that knowledge to fight the system already. Well, in this case "fighting the system" means rescheduling my classes so I don't have to take any in the morning, but I'll get to the big "benefit to society" part sooner or later. Thank!

Billj

Glad you found the info useful. Don't get lazy now though.

Yo, love the content but what's with the ads? For an underground publication, there sure is a lot of crass commercialism.

John Doe

We don't take money for the ads. They're from friends of the 'zine and should be of interest to hackers. Occasionally we'll reprint old advertisements as a way to illustrate or inform a product's history. But that should be obvious.

Greetings Ghost,

I'm sure you've heard the rumor about the collective that lives inside an old unused computer warehouse. Well, I thought you might like to know I've just come across something that convinced me it's 100% real! It looks like it's connected to a drug lab. I don't want to say too much here... contact me back for further thoughts.

Major Cheese

This isn't much of a tip. Contact us again when you have a better idea of what's going on.

Dear Trash World News,

I found the article on "the phage" extremely interesting. Do you know if it spreads from person to person? I know it's not necessarily a good thing, but I have to admit I kind of love the idea of having a usable computer interface to my body.

Tian500

It's really not something you'd actually want. Not in its current form.

Hey Ghost,

Just wanted to say at least one copy of Trash World News has been spotted floating around on the lunch tables at Axiom headquarters... and there may be more. Safe to say you've got some fans on the inside! Next time you want to reprint our documentation, though, feel free to ask us first.

Nameless Axiom Employee

We appreciate the offer, but we like the idea of spreading useful information with or without permission.

Most Esteemed Hackers,

After being dragged to Wild Waves by my stepmom for the TEN THOUSANDTH time, it occurred to me to wonder if this magazine would ever consider publishing an article of revealing information on the kinds of systems employed in the control of artificial wave pools. Specifically, might the mechanism that controls the wave be modified to generate an anomalous wave of an exceedingly large size, timed perfectly to coincide with the entrance of a certain personage into the water? I am looking forward to your response.

Myron A.

All it would take is someone doing the research and writing up the results for an article. Luckily, the phone number for this water park is easy enough to look up: 65-0-8193-3255.

Dear Trash World News:

I was so excited to get some elite food skillz that I tried to make "dumpster donuts" like the article described as soon as I could. I threw them in, set the oven to broil, and went back to my computer for a bit. Then before I knew it the kitchen was spewing smoke and the fire alarm for the whole building was going off!!!! Did I mention this was at 4am? All my neighbors are mad at me now. Cooking is trickier than I thought.

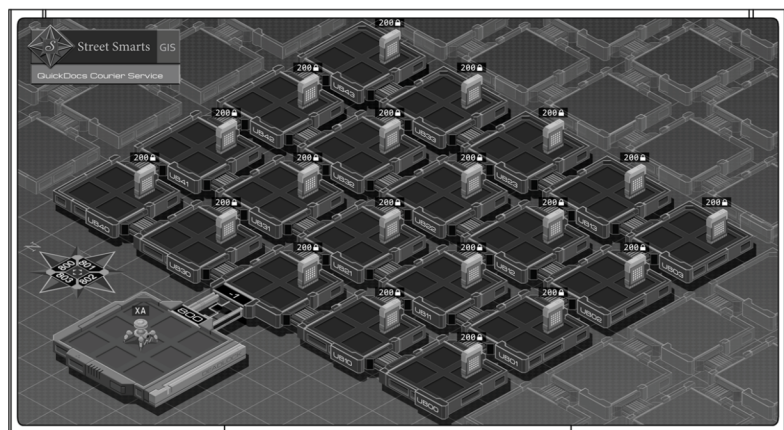
Nared

Keep at it, Nared. You might like the instant ramen tips in this month's column.

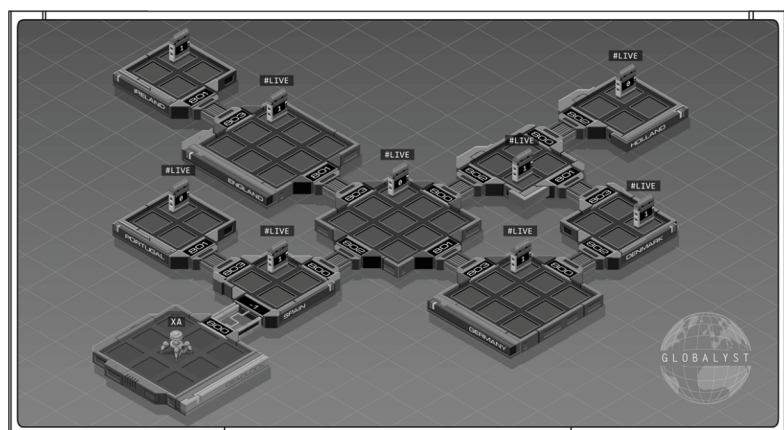
GRAPHIC

INFORMATION SYSTEMS

STREETSMARTS One common system for GIS networks mapped to cities is StreetSmarts. In StreetSmarts, each city block corresponds to a small host in the network. In order to make exploring the network consistent, the link IDs correspond to compass directions (N = 800, E = 801, S = 802, W = 803).



GLOBALYST Another common system for GIS networks at the scale of a continent or even the world is called GLOBALYST. In GLOBALYST each country corresponds to a host, with links that match some sort of physical connection between those countries, like common travel routes or transoceanic cables. **TWN**



There are some
generalized
methods of
laying out these
networks,
which *fancy*
programmers
sometimes call
Geographic
Information
Systems...

by Deadlock

GEOC

You might have noticed lately there's been a rush to digitize all kinds of information, even information that corresponds to physical locations in the real world. This can be useful if you're, say, a utility company or a travel agency, since your data will automatically inherit the same spatial relationships they have in real life. There are some generalized methods of laying out these networks, which fancy programmers sometimes call Geographic Information Systems, or GIS.

Now, accessing these kinds of datasets can be tricky because of the whole spatial organization aspect. They're not the same thing as your normal database-style "big list of stuff." But it's not so bad once you get the hang of it. Here I'll describe a couple common schemes for GIS and you'll be traversing and grabbing whatever you need from them in no time.

TIPS

Television Station Numbers Submitted by: Plastered

Bay Area folks know the local KGOG television station... I noticed they had a call-in number for their talk shows: 47-2-1613-4600. Curious, so I decided to run my custom-built wardialer to see what else could be sniffed out, with some interesting hits:

47-2-1613-4664 x103: This appears to be the programming hub, a network that controls what tapes are broadcast at any given time.

47-2-1613-4664 x105: This is the station's satellite uplink for sending broadcasts. Woah!

47-2-1613-4664 x107: This appears to be a fully automated ad-buying system.

Xtreme League Baseball Statistics Submitted by: Kyle Fresh

Did you know you can download all the XLB stats you could possibly want, directly from their official server? Dial 31-0-3050-7466 to find and retrieve player information including batting average, zinger average, assaults per ball and more. Perfect for stats crunchers.

Mayhem at Robert E. Cheese's Submitted by: R. Alvarez

Dial 35-0-5253-8723 to access the computer systems for the Robert E. Cheese's in Durham, NC. The real fun is on extension 126 which connects you to the animatronic sequencing system! It gives you control of everything: the music, the lights, and most importantly, complete control of the animatronics. I reprogrammed the system to play a power metal ballad but I burnt out one of the servomotors during the final solo and the banjo player burst into flames. At this point the manager basically thinks his restaurant is haunted. Who's to say it isn't?

ADS

FOR SALE

ATMs for sale. Old-model ATMs from a few closed bank locations. Of interest to hackers, security researchers, or someone interested in starting up their own bank on the cheap. \$300 each. 09-1-0284-4757.

Fractal poster prints. Liven up your hacker den with the timeless appeal of fractal imagery. Mandelbrot, Julia sets, and more. \$10 each, or three for \$25. Guaranteed to make you cool. Log in at 44-2-5549-1329.

Universal tone generator. Red box, blue box—the color boxes combined in one device. Generate tones used to control the telephone system. Fits easily in the palm of the hand. \$40, batteries not included. Dial 21-1-7720-4941.

HELP WANTED

Security startup looking for hackers. We are recruiting for several open positions on our computer security team. We consult for private enterprise and government. Good pay, fun co-workers, and free soda. Call 65-0-9005-0495.

Got a supercomputer? I need supercomputing power. I have cash. Would love a Holman-II or similar model. 47-2-7727-0070.

MEETUPS AND PERSONALS

Kansas hacker meetup. First Thursday of every month at 6pm in Oak Park Mall in Overland Park. Meet in the food court by the Panda Express. Be there!!

Dare to dream. Chaos Dreams is Southern California's biggest and best anarchy BBS. Tons of philes, warez, and samizdat for the discerning anarchist. 47-0-9164-4001, 4002, and 4003.

MODEM CONTROL

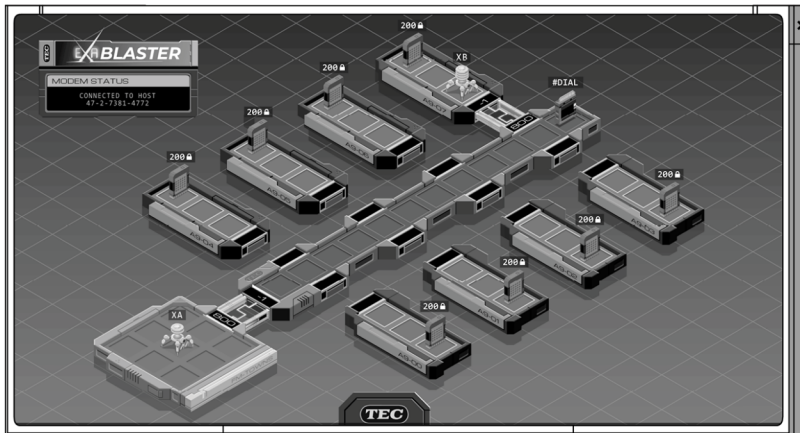
BY THE DEACON

at the DIRECT level

When you dial into a remote network, the actual dialing usually happens transparently, hidden from you by your development environment or network browser. It's actually the only way that you can use most softmodems that come with personal computers these days. This is why I still recommend getting a dedicated hardware modem. A hardware modem will let you upload your own EXAs directly into it, giving you way more control over what it's doing.

The technical details:

What kind of control are we talking about here? Well, all NETronics-compatible modems have a #DIAL register that takes one digit at a time that can be used to programmatically dial a phone number. After establishing a connection (and assuming that there's actually a computer on the other end that wants to talk to you), you should be able to traverse the 800 link to connect to the remote host. Writing -1 to the #DIAL register hangs up the modem. If you're connected to a remote network, this will break the connection.

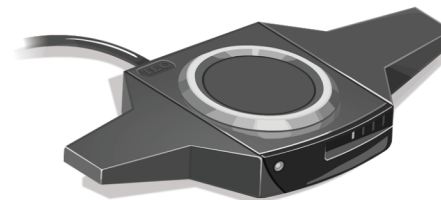


HACKERS
SKILLS

There should be a physical switch on your modem that controls whether or not it will automatically pick up when a remote modem calls your phone line. DON'T LEAVE THIS FEATURE ON UNLESS YOU KNOW WHAT YOU'RE DOING! That isn't specific to direct level modem control. It's just good advice for anyone with a modem connected to their computer. You never know who is calling. Some newer modems have "caller ID" features that can tell you the phone number of the modem that dialed into yours, but they're not widespread or standardized yet.

Shopping for a hardware modem:

If you don't have a modem that supports direct level modem control, look for a NETronics NET40 or a TEC EXA-Blaster. They're both a few years old at this point and can be purchased on the cheap from surplus stores for about \$50.



Don't get fooled looking at the expensive commercial-grade modems. There's no difference on the inside. Despite costing twice as much at retail, the commercial-grade NET80 is identical to the NET40 except for its plastic case, which is designed to stack for use in modem banks. That's how they think they can pull one over on their corporate customers. **TWN**

A hardware
modem
will let you
upload
your own
EXAs
directly into
it, giving you
way more
control...